

HISTORICAL EPHEMERIS

EMPIRE PERIOD, EAST & WEST: NEPTUNE-PLUTO CYCLE 2: 83 BCE - 411 CE

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NOTE about BCE dates. Scientists and computer data use a Year 0 in their calculations, while the historical dating system uses no Year 0, passing straight from 1 BCE (-1) to 1 CE (+1). This leads to an often-unnoticed one year discrepancy between computer-calculated astrological data and historical dates in the case of BCE dates. In this table, astrological data have been corrected to the historical dating standard. Thus, when comparing this information with data from other sources. Note also that most astrological computer programs omit (for simplicity) certain algorithms from their calculations, rendering their data for BCE dates inaccurate - especially for Uranus, Neptune and Pluto.

- 84	* ROME: civil war in Rome	-84 NE CONJ PL Ta Ta	
-	MIDEAST: Romans beat Mithridates of Pontus, who had seized Asia province 88	-84 UR -ssq PL Ar Ta	-84 UR Ar
- 83	MIDEAST: Romans invade Pontus & Cappadocia; Mithridates of Pontus fights back; treaty 81	-84 UR -ssq NE Pi Ta	
-	MIDEAST: collapse of Parthia as a viable strong nation	-83 NE CONJ PL Ta Ta	-83 UR Ar
- 82	ROME: Sulla elected dictator for life, forces order on Rome and empire	-83 UR -ssq PL Ar Ta	
-		-83 UR -ssq NE Ar Ta	
- 81	ROME: Sulla's reforms, mainly legal (abandoning the Twelve Tables, laying new foundations)		
-			
- 80	* C AMERICA: Arawak peoples (from Venezuela) occupy Caribbean islands	-80 Sa OPPN UR Li Ar	
-			
- 79	ROME: Sulla voluntarily steps down from dictatorship	-79 Sa OPPN UR Li Ar	
-			
- 78	CHINA: first cataloguing of Imperial library by Lin Hsiang	-78 Sa OPPN UR Li Ar	-78 NE Ge
-			
- 77			-77 NE Ge
- 76			-77 UR Ta
-			-76 UR Ta
- 75	INDIA: Greek principalities in Punjab invaded by Sakas (Afghan), then Parthians		
-			
- 74	ROME: Rome annexes Cyrene (W Egypt) to suppress piracy in Med'n; war with Pontus (Black Sea)		
-	MIDEAST: Mithridates of Pontus & Tigranes of Armenia seize Cappadocia & Syria from Rome		
- 73	ROME: uprising of slaves led by Spartacus, suppressed by Pompey & Crassus		
-			
- 72	W EUROPE: Germanic Suevi invade Gaul		
-			
- 71			-71 PL Ge
- 70	ROME: CONSULATE OF POMPEY & CRASSUS (reforms and liberalisation)	-70 UR CONJ PL Ge Ge	-70 PL Ge
-			-70 UR Ge
- 69	MIDEAST: Romans defeat Tigranes I of Armenia (who becomes a vassal of Rome)	-69 UR CONJ PL Ge Ge	-69 UR Ge
-			-69 PL Ge
- 68	MED'N: Rome defeats Mediterranean pirates		
-			
- 67	MED'N: Rome annexes Crete to suppress piracy		
-			
- 66			
- 65	MIDEAST: Romans under Pompey finally beat Mithridates (Pontus, who commits suicide in Crimea)		
-			
- 64	ROME: Pompey conquers Syria & Palestine, terminates Seleucid state, reorganises East empire		-64 NE Cn
-			
- 63	ROME: Pompey conquers Jerusalem, annexes Palestine		-63 NE Cn
-			-63 UR Cn
- 62	ITALY: founding of Florence	-62 UR CONJ NE Cn Cn	-62 UR Cn
-			
- 61	IBERIA: first victories of Julius Caesar in Spain	-61 UR CONJ NE Cn Cn	
-			
- 60	ROME: FIRST TRIUMVIRATE of Julius Caesar, Pompey & Crassus (start of carve-up of Empire)		
-			
- 59	ASIA: MAXIMUM EXTENT OF HAN EXPANSION, reaching Tarim Basin, overcoming SE & SW China		
-			
- 58	FRANCE: Julius Caesar conquers Gaul (58-49)		
-			
- 57	E ASIA: founding of state of Silla in Korea	-57 UR +ssq PL Le Ge	-57 UR Le
-			
- 56		-56 Sa CONJ UR Le Le	-56 UR Le
-		-56 UR +ssq PL Cn Ge	
- 55	BRITAIN: Caesar attacks Britain, extracts tribute, then retires (opening Britain to trade)		
-			
- 54	ROME: breakup of the Triumvirate (54-51) (Crassus dies on defeat by Parthians)		
-			
- 53	MIDEAST: Parthians in Armenia halt Romans, stalling Romans to +114 (only state doing so)		
-			
- 52	ROME: anarchy in Rome, rivalry between supporters of Pompey & Caesar		-51 NE Le
-	FRANCE: Gaul revolts under Vercingetorix; Caesar surrounded; eventual suppression by 51		
- 51			-51 UR Vi
-			
- 50	INDIA: 5 tribes of Yueh-Chi invade and unite to form KUSHANA EMPIRE in N India		-50 NE Le
-			-50 UR Vi
- 49	ROME: civil war, Pompey (power from East) against Julius Caesar (power from West)		
-			
- 48			
-			
- 47			
-			
- 46			
-			
- 45	ROME: Julius Caesar becomes sole dictator (for life)		-45 PL Cn
-			
- 44	ROME: Rome controls the whole Mediterranean world; only Parthia remains a threat	-44 UR +SQR PL Li Cn	-44 PL Cn

-	ROME: Caesar murdered (for lack of trustworthy subordinates)		-44 UR Li
-43	ROME: reign of terror under Second Triumvirate (Antony, Lepidus, Octavian)	-43 UR +ssq PL Li Cn	-43 UR Li
-	* E ASIA: small kingdoms form in non-Chinese parts of Korea (Koguryo, Han)	-43 UR +ssq NE Li Le	
-42		-42 NE +ssq PL Le Cn	
-		-42 UR +ssq NE Vi Le	
-41	* ROME: cultural ascendancy: Cicero (orator), Horace (poet), Virgil (poet)	-42 NE +ssq PL Le Cn	
-			
-40	ROME: partition of Empire between Triumvirate (Octavian West, Antony East, Lepidus Africa)	-40 NE +ssq PL Le Cn	
-			
-39	MIDEAST: Rome appoints Herod the Great as King of Jews (39BCE-+4CE)	-39 NE +ssq PL Le Cn	
-			
-38		-38 UR +sxt NE Li Le	-38 UR Sc
-			
-37	MIDEAST: Herod takes control of Jerusalem	-37 UR +sxt NE Li Le	-37 UR Sc
-			
-36	N AFRICA: marriage of Antony & Cleopatra, merging Antony's E Roman & Egyptian powers		-36 NE Vi
-			
-35	ROME: disastrous expedition to Azerbaijan by Romans (Mark Anthony) against Parthians		-35 NE Vi
-			
-34	ASIA: destruction of Hsiung-Nu empires in Turkestan & Dzungaria by the Chinese	-34 UR +tri PL Sc Cn	
-			
-33	E EUROPE: Dalmatia becomes Roman province	-33 UR +tri PL Sc Cn	
-			
-33	MIDEAST: 30,000 people killed in a major earthquake	-32 UR +tri PL Sc Cn	
-		-32 Sa OPPN UR Ta Sc	
-31	ROME: Battle of Actium: Octavian establishes dominance over Rome	-31 Sa OPPN UR Ta Sc	-31 UR Sg
-	C AMERICA: earliest known inscription of the Olmec Long Count calendar comes from this date.		
-30	N AFRICA: death of Anthony & Cleopatra (last of Ptolemies): Egypt becomes Roman province		-30 UR Sg
-			
-29	ROME: Octavian closes Temple of Janus (symbolising end of wars of magnates since Sulla)		
-			
-28	CHINA: first observation of sunspots, star maps & sundials, by Chinese astronomers	-28 UR +sqt PL Sg Cn	
-			
-27	ROME: OCTAVIAN BECOMES AUGUSTUS, (first emperor, bringing Roman order and gov't until +235)	-27 UR +sqt PL Sg Cn	
-			
-26		-26 UR +sqt PL Sg Le	-26 PL Le
-			
-25	EUROPE: reorganisation of Gaul & Spain by Romans		-25 PL Le
-			
-24		-24 UR +SQR NE Sg Vi	-24 NE Li
-			
-23	ROME: major Augustinian construction program in Empire, directed by engineer Agrippa (-63-+12)	-23 UR +SQR NE Cp Li	-23 NE Li
-			-23 UR Cp
-22		-22 UR +SQR NE Cp Li	-22 NE Li
-			
-21			
-			
-20	MIDEAST: Rome renounces further expansion in East in treaty with Parthians		
-			
-19			
-			
-18			
-			
-	17 ROME: secular celebration of City of Rome and proclamation of world peace (Pax Augusta)		
-			
-16	GERMANY: massing of Roman forces in Germany after defeat by Germans		
-			
-15			-15 UR Aq
-			
-14			
-			
-13			
-			
-12		-12 HALLEY'S COMET	-12 PL Vi
-			
-11			-11 PL Vi
-			
-10			-10 NE Sc
-			
-9	EUROPE: Romans under Tiberius conquer much of Germany		-9 NE Sc
-	ROME: dedication of Altar of Peace, to celebrate PAX AUGUSTA ('business as usual')		
-8		-8 UR +tri NE Pi Sc	-8 UR Pi
-		-8 Sa CONJ UR Aq Aq	
-7		-7 UR +tri NE Pi Sc	-7 UR Pi
-			
-6	MIDEAST: Rome annexes Judaea	-6 UR +tri NE Pi Sc	
-	* C AMERICA: colonisation of south Caribbean islands by farming peoples from mainland	-6 UR OPPN PL Pi Vi	
-5	? MIDEAST : likely year of BIRTH OF JESUS OF NAZARETH in Palestine (disputed)	-5 UR +tri NE Pi Sc	
-		-5 UR OPPN PL Pi Vi	
-4	ROME: Augustus adopts Tiberius as successor	-4 UR +tri NE Pi Sc	
-		-4 UR OPPN PL Pi Vi	
-3	* N AMERICA: rise of complex gatherer-hunter societies on Oregon and BC coasts	-3 UR OPPN PL Pi Vi	
-			
-2	* EURASIA: direct maritime trading between Rome and India starts	-2 UR OPPN PL Pi Vi	
-	* INDIAN OCEAN: Madagascar settled by Micronesian seafarers from Indonesia		
-1	[No year is numbered 0]	-1 UR OPPN PL Pi Vi	
-			
+1	CHINA: Wang Mang serves as regent to child-emperors (1-8 CE)	+1 UR OPPN PL Pi Vi	+1 PL Li
+	* ROME: growth of Mithraism throughout Roman empire	+1 UR +sqt NE Ar Sc	
+2	CHINA: first Buddhist missionaries in China, from Central Asia	+2 UR +sqt NE Ar Sc	+2 PL Li
+			
+3	* MIDEAST: early boyhood travels of Jesus of Nazareth	+3 UR +sqt NE Ar Sc	+3 PL Li
+			
+4	EUROPE: Romans secure frontier at Danube, build roads & towns under Tiberius	+4 UR +sqt NE Ar Sc	
+	GERMANY: Tiberius subdues Langobards (who later become competitors for power in Italy)		
+5	BRITAIN: Cymbeline recognised as tributary and 'Rex Brittonum'	+5 UR +sqt NE Ar Sc	+5 NE Sg
+			
+6	MIDEAST: Judaea becomes a Roman province		+6 NE Sg
+	CHINA: all candidates for state office required to take civil service examinations		
+7			
+			
+8			8 UR Ta
+			
+9	CHINA: Imperial regent Wang Mang's reforming Hsin Dynasty CE 9-23 (unsuccessful)		9 UR Ta
+	EUROPE: Germans beat Romans back to Rhine frontier; Romans fight back +15		

+ 10		10 Sa CONJ PL Li Li	
+ 11		11 Sa CONJ PL Li Li	
+ 12	CHINA: Wang Mang nationalises all land; change of status for slaves; tax reform		
+ 13		13 Sa OPPN UR Sc Ta	13 PL Sc
+ 14	ROME: Augustus Caesar dies (age 76), succeeded by Tiberius (Emperor 14-37)	14 Sa OPPN UR Sc Ta	14 PL Sc
+ 15	EUROPE: Roman campaigns against German tribes		15 UR Ge
+ 16	CHINA: establishment of price controls & mercantile regulations (leads to merchants' revolt 66)	16 Sa CONJ NE Sg Sg	16 UR Ge
+ 17			
+ 18		18 NE +ssq PL Sg Sc	
+ 19	MIDEAST: Syria devastated by a major earthquake, 120,000 killed	19 NE +ssq PL Sg Sc	19 NE Cp
+ 20	* S AMERICA: est of city of Moche, capital of MOCHE CULTURE (-200 to +700, coastal Peru)	20 NE +ssq PL Cp Sc	20 NE Cp
+ 21		21 NE +ssq PL Cp Sc	
+ 22	* INDIA: rivalry for trade with Rome between S Indian states Pandhya, Chola & Kerala	22 UR OPPN NE Cn Cp	
+ 23	CHINA: Restoration: LATER HAN DYNASTY (25-220), capital Loyang; Kuang Wu Ti, Han Emp (25-57)	22 NE +ssq PL Cp Sc	22 UR Cn
+ 24		22 UR -sqt PL Cn Sc	
+ 25	C ASIA: expansion of united Kushana tribes in Bactria & N Afghanistan (prelude to India invasion)	23 UR OPPN NE Cn Cp	
+ 26	ROME: Tiberius retires, leaving rome in hands of Praetorian prefect Sejanus	23 NE +ssq PL Cp Sc	
+ 27	MIDEAST: baptism of Jesus of Nazareth by John the Baptist	23 UR -sqt PL Cn Sc	
+ 28	MIDEAST: TEACHING MINISTRY OF JESUS OF NAZARETH in Palestine	24 UR OPPN NE Cn Cp	
+ 29		24 NE +ssq PL Cp Sc	
+ 30	? MIDEAST: crucifixion of Jesus by Romans, outside Jerusalem	24 UR -sqt PL Cn Sc	
+ 31		25 UR OPPN NE Cn Cp	
+ 32		25 NE +ssq PL Cp Sc	26 PL Sg
+ 33	MIDEAST: dispersal of earliest Christians around W Asia and Mediterranean	25 UR -sqt PL Cn Sc	
+ 34		26 UR -sqt PL Cn Sc	27 PL Sg
+ 35		26 UR OPPN NE Cn Cp	
+ 36		26 NE +ssq PL Cp Sg	28 UR Le
+ 37	ROME: Caligula succeeds Tiberius, establishes ambitious monarchy in Rome; murdered 41	27 NE +ssq PL Cp Sg	
+ 38	? BRITAIN: legendary arrival of Joseph of Arimathaea at Glastonbury (Ancient British Church)	28 NE +ssq PL Cp Sg	29 UR Le
+ 39		29 UR -tri PL Le Sg	
+ 40	GREECE: early Christian church established at Corinth	29 Sa OPPN PL Ge Sg	
+ 41	ROME: Claudius (42-54) re-establishes Augustan order in Rome	30 UR -tri PL Le Sg	
+ 42		30 Sa OPPN PL Ge Sg	
+ 43	BRITAIN: Roman invasion under Plautius & Claudius; British Caradoc (Caractacus) beaten at Medway	30 NE +ssq PL Cp Sg	
+ 44	N AFRICA: Morrocco annexed by Rome	31 NE +ssq PL Cp Sg	
+ 45	CHINA: Tonkin & Annam (N Vietnam) annexed by Han Ma Yuan (Annamese adopt Confucian customs)	31 UR -tri PL Le Sg	33 NE Aq
+ 46	MIDEAST: Paul of Tarsus sets out on missionary travels with Barnabas (Anatolia, Greece, Rome, to +62)	32 NE +ssq PL Cp Sg	
+ 47		33 Sa OPPN NE Cn Cp	34 NE Aq
+ 48	MIDEAST: Council of the Apostles at Jerusalem, starts missionary activity	33 NE +ssq PL Cp Sg	34 UR Vi
+ 49	BRITAIN: Thames valley flooded by storms, 10,000 die	34 Sa OPPN NE Le Aq	35 UR Vi
+ 50	RUSSIA: Goths set up a kingdom in Vistula valley	34 NE +ssq PL Aq Sg	
+ 51	* AFRICA: expansion of Axum (Ethiopia) begins	35 NE +ssq PL Aq Sg	
+ 52	MIDEAST: St Paul's journeyings and writing of Paul's Epistles (51-55)	36 Sa CONJ UR Vi Vi	
+ 53	PERSIA: revival of the Parthian nation (51-77) under Vologesus I		
+ 54	BRITAIN: British leader Caradoc captured; Roman conquest complete to Lincoln, Chester, Caerleon		
+ 55	SE ASIA: founding of Funan state (Cambodia)		
+ 56	ROME: Nero becomes emperor, to CE 68; good times in Rome during 50s		54 UR Sg
+ 57	* CHINA: widening of horizons under Ming Ti (extension of Chinese links and trade throughout Asia)		55 UR Sg
+ 58		47 UR -tri NE Li Aq	
+ 59		47 Sa CONJ PL Cp Cp	47 NE Pi
+ 60		48 UR -tri NE Sc Pi	47 UR Sc
+ 61		49 UR -tri NE Sc Pi	48 NE Pi
+ 62		50 UR -tri NE Sc Pi	48 UR Sc
+ 63		51 UR -sxt PL Sc Cp	
+ 64		52 UR -sxt PL Sc Cp	
+ 65		53 Sa CONJ NE Pi Pi	
+ 66			
+ 67		56 UR -ssq PL Sg Cp	
+ 68		57 UR -ssq PL Sg Cp	
+ 69	CHINA: Emperor Ming Ti allows Buddhism into China; Chinese maritime trading throughout Asia	58 NE +sxt PL Pi Cp	
+ 70	CHINA: Kung Fu-tse deified (Confucianism made a popular state religion, to counteract Buddhism)	59 NE +sxt PL Pi Cp	
+ 71	ROME: journey of Peter & Paul to Rome (invited by British residents)	59 Sa OPPN UR Ge Sg	
+ 72	BRITAIN: British revolt against the Roman occupation, led by Boudicca of the Iceni	60 NE +sxt PL Ar Aq	60 PL Aq
+ 73	BRITAIN: uprisings in Britain suppressed by Romans under Suetonius Paullinus	60 Sa OPPN UR Ge Sg	60 NE Ar
+ 74		61 NE +sxt PL Ar Aq	61 PL Aq
+ 75		61 Sa OPPN UR Ge Sg	61 NE Ar
+ 76	* C ASIA: growth of KUSHANA EMPIRE under Kushans & Tocharians (Yueh-chi Asian nomads)	62 UR -SQR NE Cp Ar	62 UR Cp

+ 63	ROME: the burning of ROME: Nero's reign becomes corrupt & arbitrary ('Caesar madness')	63 UR -SQR NE Cp Ar	
+ 64	ROME: first persecution of Christians, beheading of St Paul (67); Christianity spreads wide & fast	63 Sa OPPN PL Le Aq	
+ 65	INDIA: KUSHAN (Yueh-chi) INVASION OF NW INDIA (50-75) from Bactria under Vima Kadphises	64 UR -SQR NE Cp Ar	
+ 66	MIDEAST: Jewish uprising against Rome in Palestine; St Peter executed in Rome 67	65 UR -SQR NE Cp Ar	
+ 67		66 HALLEY'S COMET	
+ 68	ROME: Flavius Josephus' 'History of the Jewish War' (major source on Jesus)		
+ 69	ROME: Nero commits suicide; chaos in Rome, four emperors in one year		
+ 70	MIDEAST: destruction of Qumran, centre of Essenes for 300 years (site of Dead Sea Scrolls)		
+ 71	ROME: chaos in Rome and civil war in empire (Rhine-land & Palestine); new emperor Vespasian (69-79)	69 Sa OPPN NE Li Ar	69 UR Aq
+ 72			
+ 73	ROME: Vespasian strengthens control in Rome	70 Sa OPPN NE Li Ar	70 UR Aq
+ 74	MIDEAST: Romans destroy Jewish Temple in Jerusalem and much of city, to suppress revolts		
+ 75	* MIDEAST: New Testament gospels written: 70-88 Mark; 85-95 Matthew & Luke; 90> John		
+ 76	INDIA: Scythian (Saka) occupation of NW Indian coast (Rajasthan area)		
+ 77			
+ 78	MIDEAST: last stand of Jewish Zealots against Rome at Masada, Judaea		
+ 79	ROME: Vespasian forces imp economies; Latin law in Spain; Colosseum erected	74 UR CONJ PL Aq Aq	74 NE Ta
+ 80	C ASIA: stirrings amongst Asian nomads against Chinese incursions into their space		
+ 81	CHINA: Pan Ch'ao, Han Emperor (74-94) (gains Turkestan & Silk Roads, stirring Asian nomads)		75 NE Ta
+ 82			
+ 83	BRITAIN: Roman conquest extended: Brigantes (Yorkshire) & Silures (Wales) subdued		77 UR Pi
+ 84	INDIA: Kanishka, Kushan Emperor (78-102) (capital Peshawar, rich Buddhist culture)		
+ 85	BRITAIN: Roman subjugation of Wales completed (started 48)		
+ 86	ITALY: eruption of Mt Vesuvius buries the cities of Pompeii and Herculaneum	80 UR -sxt NE Pi Ta	
+ 87			
+ 88	ROME: Emperor Domitian (81-96) (initially liberal & benevolent, later autocratic)	81 UR -sxt NE Pi Ta	
+ 89	CHINA: Han Empress Tou alters succession, rules as dowager (88-97) (line of Empresses 88-159)	81 Sa CONJ PL Aq Aq	
+ 90		82 UR -sxt NE Pi Ta	
+ 91		83 Sa CONJ UR Pi Pi	
+ 92	BRITAIN: Roman conquest of Britain extended into Scotland (defeat of Caledonians)		84 PL Pi
+ 93	C ASIA: Kushan (Yueh-chih) & Chinese alliance subjugates Kashgar (opening Silk Roads)		84 UR Ar
+ 94	E ASIA: Hsiung-Nu inter-tribal strife, stirred up by Chinese threat		85 PL Pi
+ 95			85 UR Ar
+ 96			
+ 97	E ASIA: Mongol Sien Pi tribes beat the northern Hsiung-Nu, occupying their lands		87 NE Ge
+ 98			
+ 99		88 NE +SQR PL Ge Pi	88 NE Ge
+ 100	E ASIA: Chinese under Gen Tu Hsien beat northern Hsiung-Nu (many migrate west to Europe)	88 Sa CONJ NE Ge Ge	
+ 101		89 NE +SQR PL Ge Pi	
+ 102	C ASIA: war between China & Kushans in Pamir Mts (over C Asian control - China prevails)	89 UR -ssq NE Ar Ge	
+ 103	* W EUROPE: rapid progression of Romanisation in Germany, Gaul & Britain	89 UR +ssq PL Ar Pi	
+ 104	ASIA: Chinese defeat Hsiung-Nu (Huns) (stirring up nomads into future movement)	90 UR +ssq PL Ar Pi	
+ 105	ROME: rule of Domitian lapses into despotism	90 NE +SQR PL Ge Pi	
+ 106		90 UR -ssq NE Ar Ge	
+ 107		91 NE +SQR PL Ge Pi	92 UR Ta
+ 108		92 NE +SQR PL Ge Pi	
+ 109	* S AMERICA: dawn of TAIRONA (Kogi) CULTURE (northern Colombia, zenith 1000CE)		93 UR Ta
+ 110	CHINA: LATER HAN EXPANSION OF BORDERS AND INFLUENCE - prosperity & culture (94-160)		
+ 111			
+ 112	* EURASIA: Kushan, Chinese & Roman empires cover Eurasia (Silk Road trade, China-Rome)	95 UR +sxt PL Ta Pi	
+ 113		95 Sa OPPN PL Vi Pi	
+ 114	ROME: dynastic inheritance changed to adoptive emperorship, to 176; Domitian unthroned	96 Sa OPPN PL Vi Pi	
+ 115	MIDEAST: Chinese forces under Kan Ying reach Persian Gulf (soon turning back)		
+ 116	* ROME: historian Tacitus (?55-117) at work: "Histories", "Annals", "Germania"		
+ 117	* INDIA: peak of growth of classical Sanskrit (in translated Buddhist texts of Kushan India)		
+ 118	ROME: TRAJAN emperor (98-117) (first of provincial (Spain) origin; strengthens imp control)		
+ 119	BRITAIN: foundation of Gloucester as city		99 UR Ge
+ 120			
+ 121	* AFRICA: Camel introduced into Saharan Africa		100 UR Ge
+ 122	* C AMERICA: ZENITH OF TEOTIHUACAN (100-300)		100 NE Cn
+ 123	C EUROPE: Rome wars with Dacia (Hungary) (inconclusive & dangerous for future)		101 NE Cn
+ 124			
+ 125		103 UR +SQR PL Ge Pi	
+ 126			
+ 127		104 UR +SQR PL Ge Pi	
+ 128		104 Sa OPPN UR Sg Ge	
+ 129	* ROME: Apuleius' "Metamorphoses" & "The Golden Ass"	105 Sa OPPN UR Sg Ge	105 UR Cn
+ 130	CHINA: Han Empress Teng (105-121) (rise in power of eunuch courtiers)		
+ 131	MIDEAST: Romans invade Arabia	106 Sa OPPN NE Cp Cn	106 UR Cn
+ 132	CHINA: eunuch Ts'ai Lun introduces to Court paper made of vegetable fibre (bark, rags, hemp)		
+ 133			
+ 134			
+ 135	* INDIA: gradual separation of Theravada & Mahayana Buddhists	110 UR CONJ NE Cn Cn	
+ 136	* S AMERICA: ESTABLISHMENT OF STATEHOOD IN TIAHUANACO, upland Peru (culture founded -300)	111 UR CONJ NE Cn Cn	
+ 137		111 UR +tri PL Cn Pi	
+ 138		112 UR +tri PL Le Ar	112 PL Ar
+ 139			112 UR Le
+ 140		113 UR +tri PL Cn Pi	113 PL Ar
+ 141		113 Sa CONJ PL Ar Ar	113 UR Le

+114	MIDEAST: Romans (Trajan) annex Parthian Armenia, reconquer Seleucia (Mesopotamia) (114-116)	114 NE +tri PL Le Ar	114 PL Ar
+			114 NE Le
+115		115 NE +tri PL Le Ar	115 NE Le
+		115 UR +sqt PL Le Ar	
+116	ROME: economic difficulties from huge expense of military operations in MidEast & Europe	116 NE +tri PL Le Ar	
+		116 UR +sqt PL Le Ar	
+117	ROMAN EMPIRE AT ITS GREATEST EXTENT (to Rhine, Danube, Euphrates); Emp Hadrian (117-138)	117 NE +tri PL Le Ar	
+	? ROME: Tacitus' "Historiae"	117 UR +sqt PL Le Ar	
+118			118 UR Vi
+			
+119			119 UR Vi
+			
+120	INDIA: dynasty of Ujjain (120-395) in W India (Sanskrit learning & Buddhist philosophy)		
+			
+121	EUROPE: Hadrian orders building of fortifications along empire borders in Germany & Syria		
+	ROME: Hadrian travels the empire 121-5, 126-9 ("the travelling emperor")		
+122	BRITAIN: building of Hadrian's Wall (122-7) (outer defence of Roman Empire in N England)		
+	MIDEAST: Jewish uprisings led by Bar Kokhba (122-133)		
+123		123 Sa CONJ NE Le Le +	
+124			124 UR Li
+			
+125	* INDIA: zenith of Kushan empire (rajah Kanishka)		125 UR Li
+			
+126	* ASIA: Ch'iang Tibetans harass western China (Kansu) until 141	126 NE +sqt PL Le Ar	
+	CHINA: peasant revolts against landlords (economic injustices)	127 UR OPPN PL Li Ar	
+127		127 Sa CONJ UR Li Li	127 NE Vi
+		127 Sa OPPN PL Li Ar	
+128		127 NE +sqt PL Le Ar	128 NE Vi
+		128 UR OPPN PL Li Ar	
+129	MIDEAST: stirrings amongst Jews in Palestine	128 Sa OPPN PL Li Ar	
+		128 NE +sqt PL Le Ar	
+130		128 UR +ssq NE Li Vi	
+		129 UR OPPN PL Li Ar	
+131		129 NE +sqt PL Vi Ar	131 UR Sc
+		129 UR +ssq NE Li Vi	
+132	MIDEAST: Jewish Bar Kochba rebellion against Rome - leads to forced dispersion (diaspora) of Jews	130 NE +sqt PL Vi Ar	
+			
+133	SE ASIA: Java becomes a tributary to China		
+			
+134			
+			
+135	CHINA: rebellions against court eunuchs' murdering of scholars & other excesses	135 UR +sxt NE Sc Vi	
+			
+136		136 UR +sxt NE Sc Vi	
+			
+137			
+			
+138	ROME: Antoninus Pius emperor (138-61) (peaceable policies, uneventful reign, yet good times)		138 UR Sg
+			
+139	* N AFRICA: Ptolemy (85-165) (cartographer, astronomer, geographer) at work at Alexandria		139 UR Sg
+			
+140			
+			
+141		141 HALLEY'S COMET	
+		141 UR -sqt PL Sg Ar	
+142	BRITAIN: Brigantes revolt in Yorkshire; Antonine turf wall built in Scotland (Forth-Clyde, against Scots)	142 Sa OPPN NE Ar Li	142 NE Li
+		142 UR -sqt PL Sg Ar	
+143	ROME: AGE OF THE ANTONINE EMPERORS (143-235) (centralised imp rule, end of local autonomy, meritocracy of local classes, large tax burdens, ovstretched frontiers)	143 Sa OPPN NE Ar Li	143 PL Ta
+			
+144		144 Sa CONJ PL Ta Ta	144 PL Ta
+			
+145		145 Sa CONJ PL Ar Ar	145 PL Ta
+			145 UR Cp
+146		146 UR -tri PL Cp Ta	146 UR Cp
+			
+147		147 UR -tri PL Cp Ta	
+			
+148			
+			
+149		149 UR +SQR NE Cp Li	
+		149 Sa OPPN UR Cn Cp	
+150	* C AMERICA: building of Pyramid of the Sun at Teotihuacan, Mexico	150 UR +SQR NE Cp Li	
+		150 Sa OPPN UR Cn Cp	
+151		151 UR +SQR NE Cp Li	
+		151 Sa OPPN UR Cn Cp	
+152			
+			
+153			153 UR Aq
+			
+154			
+			
+155			155 NE Sc
+			
+156		156 UR -SQR PL Aq Ta	156 NE Sc
+			
+157			
+			
+158			
+			
+159		159 Sa CONJ NE Sc Sc	
+		159 Sa OPPN PL Sc Ta	
+160	CHINA: weakening of Later Han state through internal dissension, border wars & peasant distress	160 Sa OPPN PL Sc Ta	
+			
+161	ROME: Marcus Aurelius, Emperor (161-80) ('philosopher on Imperial throne'; peak of Stoicism)		161 UR Pi
+			
+162	MIDEAST: war between Rome & Parthians, Roman reoccupation of Mesopotamia		
+			
+163		163 NE OPPN PL Sc Ta	
+			
+164	ROME: Smallpox epidemic ravages Rome, spreads through Empire (164-80) (caught through Parthians)	164 NE OPPN PL Sc Ta	
+			
+165	EUROPE: major population reductions as result of epidemics, with resulting economic decline	165 NE OPPN PL Sc Ta	
+		165 UR +tri NE Pi Sc	